

this country and exploiting them, selling them on the black market, and sexually abusing them for a very long time.

This bill is important and necessary. It really supports, codifies, and gives congressional backing and support to a very important program within the Department, and that is the Blue Campaign.

I also want to thank Secretary Kelly of Homeland Security for showing the leadership to come forward with this campaign to address this horrible crime against our children and those moving into adulthood.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. McCAUL) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1370, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1973, PROTECTING YOUNG VICTIMS FROM SEXUAL ABUSE ACT OF 2017; PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 1761, PROTECTING AGAINST CHILD EXPLOITATION ACT OF 2017; AND PROVIDING FOR PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PERIOD FROM MAY 26, 2017, THROUGH JUNE 5, 2017

Mr. BUCK, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 115-152) on the resolution (H. Res. 352) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1973) to prevent the sexual abuse of minors and amateur athletes by requiring the prompt reporting of sexual abuse to law enforcement authorities, and for other purposes; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1761) to amend title 18, United States Code, to criminalize the knowing consent of the visual depiction, or live transmission, of a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct, and for other purposes; and providing for proceedings during the period from May 26, 2017, through June 5, 2017, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

VETERANS APPEALS IMPROVEMENT AND MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2017

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2288) to amend title 38, United States Code, to reform the rights and processes relating to appeals of decisions regarding claims for benefits under the laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and for

other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. ROE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 418, nays 0, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 273]

YEAS—418

Abraham	Costa	Harris
Adams	Costello (PA)	Hartzler
Aderholt	Courtney	Hastings
Aguilar	Cramer	Heck
Allen	Crawford	Hensarling
Amash	Crist	Herrera Beutler
Amodei	Crowley	Higgins (LA)
Arrington	Cuellar	Higgins (NY)
Babin	Culberson	Hill
Bacon	Cummings	Himes
Banks (IN)	Curbelo (FL)	Holding
Barletta	Davidson	Hollingsworth
Barr	Davis (CA)	Hoyer
Barragán	Davis, Danny	Hudson
Barton	Davis, Rodney	Huffman
Bass	DeFazio	Hultgren
Beatty	DeGette	Hunter
Bera	Delaney	Hurd
Bergman	DeLauro	Issa
Beyer	DelBene	Jackson Lee
Biggs	Demings	Jayapal
Blirakis	Denham	Jeffries
Bishop (GA)	Dent	Jenkins (KS)
Bishop (MI)	DeSantis	Jenkins (WV)
Bishop (UT)	DeSaunier	Johnson (GA)
Black	DesJarlais	Johnson (LA)
Blackburn	Diaz-Balart	Johnson (OH)
Blum	Dingell	Johnson, E. B.
Blumenauer	Doggett	Jones
Blunt Rochester	Donovan	Jordan
Bonamici	Doyle, Michael	Joyce (OH)
Bost	F.	Kaptur
Boyle, Brendan	Duffy	Katko
F.	Duncan (SC)	Keating
Brady (PA)	Duncan (TN)	Kelly (IL)
Brady (TX)	Dunn	Kelly (MS)
Brat	Ellison	Kelly (PA)
Bridenstine	Emmer	Kennedy
Brooks (AL)	Engel	Khanna
Brooks (IN)	Eshoo	Kihuen
Brown (MD)	Españat	Kildee
Brownley (CA)	Estes (KS)	Kilmer
Buchanan	Esty (CT)	Kind
Buck	Evans	King (IA)
Bucshon	Farenthold	King (NY)
Budd	Faso	Kinzinger
Burgess	Ferguson	Knight
Bustos	Fitzpatrick	Krishnamoorthi
Butterfield	Fleischmann	Kuster (NH)
Byrne	Flores	Kustoff (TN)
Calvert	Fortenberry	Labrador
Capuano	Foster	LaHood
Carbajal	Fox	LaMalfa
Cárdenas	Frankel (FL)	Lamborn
Carson (IN)	Franks (AZ)	Lance
Carter (GA)	Frelinghuysen	Langevin
Carter (TX)	Gabbard	Larsen (WA)
Cartwright	Gaetz	Larson (CT)
Castor (FL)	Gallagher	Latta
Castro (TX)	Gallego	Lawrence
Chabot	Garamendi	Lawson (FL)
Chaffetz	Garrett	Lee
Cheney	Gibbs	Levin
Chu, Judy	Gohmert	Lewis (GA)
Cicilline	Gonzalez (TX)	Lewis (MN)
Clark (MA)	Goodlatte	Lipinski
Clarke (NY)	Gosar	LoBiondo
Clay	Gottheimer	Loeb
Clyburn	Gowdy	Lofgren
Coffman	Granger	Long
Cohen	Graves (GA)	Loudermilk
Cole	Graves (LA)	Love
Collins (GA)	Graves (MO)	Lowenthal
Collins (NY)	Green, Al	Lowey
Comer	Green, Gene	Lucas
Comstock	Griffith	Luetkemeyer
Conaway	Grijalva	Lujan Grisham,
Connolly	Grothman	M.
Conyers	Guthrie	Luján, Ben Ray
Cook	Gutiérrez	Lynch
Cooper	Hanabusa	MacArthur
Correa	Harper	

Maloney,	Poe (TX)	Smith (MO)
Carolyn B.	Poliquin	Smith (NE)
Maloney, Sean	Polis	Smith (NJ)
Marchant	Posey	Smith (TX)
Marino	Price (NC)	Smith (WA)
Marshall	Quigley	Smucker
Massie	Raskin	Soto
Mast	Ratcliffe	Speier
Matsui	Reed	Stefanik
McCarthy	Reichert	Stewart
McCaul	Renacci	Stivers
McClintock	Rice (SC)	Suozzi
McCollum	Richmond	Takano
McEachin	Roby	Taylor
McGovern	Roe (TN)	Tenney
McHenry	Rogers (AL)	Thompson (CA)
McKinley	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (MS)
McMorris	Rohrabacher	Thompson (PA)
Rodgers	Rokita	Thornberry
McNerney	Rooney, Francis	Tipton
McSally	Rooney, Thomas	Titus
Meadows	J.	Tonko
Meehan	Ros-Lehtinen	Torres
Meeks	Rosen	Trott
Meng	Roskam	Tsongas
Messer	Ross	Turner
Mitchell	Rothfus	Upton
Moolenaar	Rouzer	Valadao
Mooney (WV)	Roybal-Allard	Vargas
Moore	Royce (CA)	Veasey
Moulton	Ruiz	Vela
Mullin	Ruppersberger	Velázquez
Murphy (FL)	Rush	Visclosky
Murphy (PA)	Russell	Wagner
Nadler	Rutherford	Walberg
Napolitano	Ryan (OH)	Walden
Neal	Sánchez	Walker
Noem	Sanford	Walorski
Nolan	Sarbanes	Walters, Mimi
Norcross	Scalise	Walz
Nunes	Schakowsky	Waters, Maxine
O'Halleran	Schiff	Watson Coleman
O'Rourke	Schneider	Weber (TX)
Olson	Schrader	Webster (FL)
Palazzo	Schweikert	Welch
Pallone	Scott (VA)	Wenstrup
Palmer	Scott, Austin	Westerman
Panetta	Scott, David	Williams
Pascarella	Sensenbrenner	Wilson (FL)
Paulsen	Serrano	Wilson (SC)
Payne	Sessions	Wittman
Pearce	Sewell (AL)	Womack
Pelosi	Shea-Porter	Woodall
Perlmutter	Sherman	Yarmuth
Perry	Shimkus	Yoder
Peters	Shuster	Yoho
Peterson	Simpson	Young (AK)
Pingree	Sinema	Young (IA)
Pittenger	Sires	Zeldin
Pocan	Slaughter	

NOT VOTING—12

Cleaver	Johnson, Sam	Tiberi
Deutch	Lieu, Ted	Wasserman
Fudge	Newhouse	Schultz
Hice, Jody B.	Rice (NY)	
Huizenga	Swalwell (CA)	

□ 1710

Mr. CAPUANO, Ms. TSONGAS, Mr. McEACHIN, and Mrs. McMORRIS RODGERS changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.J. RES. 13

Mr. BLUM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to remove my name as cosponsor of H.J. Res. 13.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BERGMAN). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa?

There was no objection.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUES- TION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Ms. SÁNCHEZ. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I rise to give notice of my intent to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the President shall immediately release his tax return information to Congress and the American people.

Whereas, in the United States' system of checks and balances, Congress has a responsibility to hold the executive branch of government to a fair and equal standard of transparency ensuring the public interest is placed first;

Whereas, according to the Tax History Project, every President since Gerald Ford has disclosed their tax return information to the public;

Whereas, tax returns provide an important baseline of reasonable information including whether the President paid taxes, ownership interests, charitable donations made, and whether tax deductions have been exploited;

Whereas, disclosure of the President's tax returns could help those investigating Russian influence in the 2016 election understand the President's financial ties to the Russian Federation and Russian citizens, including debts owed and whether he shares any partnership interests, equity interests, joint ventures, licensing agreements with Russia or Russians;

Whereas, the President recently fired Federal Bureau of Investigation Director James Comey, under whose leadership the FBI was investigating whether the Trump campaign colluded with Russia to influence the 2016 election;

Whereas, President Trump reportedly stated to Russian officials during a White House meeting that he fired Director Comey to ease pressure on the ongoing investigation of Russia's influence in the 2016 election;

Whereas, Senate Russia investigators have requested information from the Treasury Department's criminal investigation division, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, or FinCEN, which handles cases of money laundering, for information related to President Trump, his top officials, and campaign aides. FinCEN has been investigating allegations of foreign money-laundering through purchases of U.S. real estate;

Whereas, the President's tax returns would show us whether he has foreign bank accounts and how much profit he receives from his ownership in myriad partnerships;

Whereas, Donald Trump, Jr., said The Trump Organization saw money "pouring in from Russia" and that "Russians make up a pretty disproportionate cross-section of a lot of our assets";

Whereas, the White House will not confirm whether the President has filed a 2016 tax return;

Whereas, Congress gave itself the authority to review an individual's tax returns to investigate and reveal possible conflicts of interest of executive branch officials involved dating back to the Teapot Dome scandal;

Whereas, it has been reported that federal prosecutors have issued grand jury subpoenas to associates of former National Security Advisor Michael Flynn seeking business records as part of the ongoing probe into Russian involvement in the 2016 election;

Whereas, according to his 2016 candidate filing with the Federal Election Commission, the President has 564 financial positions in companies located in the United States and around the world;

Whereas, against the advice of ethics attorneys and the Office of Government Ethics, the President has refused to divest his ownership stake in his businesses and can still withdraw funds at any time from the trust of which he is the sole beneficiary;

Whereas, the Emoluments Clause was included in the U.S. Constitution for the express purpose of preventing federal officials from accepting any "present, Emolument, Office, or Title . . . from any King, Prince, or foreign state";

Whereas, the Chairmen of the Ways and Means Committee, Joint Committee on Taxation and Senate Finance Committee have the authority to request the President's tax returns under section 6103 of the tax code;

Whereas, the Joint Committee on Taxation reviewed the tax returns of President Richard Nixon in 1974 and made the information public;

Whereas, the Ways and Means Committee used IRC 6103 authority in 2014 to make public the confidential tax information of 51 taxpayers;

Whereas, Director Comey has testified that tax returns are a common tool in investigations because they can show income and motives;

Whereas, the American people have the right to know whether or not their President is operating under conflicts of interest related to international affairs, tax reform, government contracts, or otherwise;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the House of Representatives shall, one, immediately request the tax return information of Donald J. Trump for tax years 2006 through 2015 for review in closed executive session by the Committee on Ways and Means, as provided under section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code and vote to report the information therein to the full House of Representatives;

Two, support transparency in government and the longstanding tradition of Presidents and candidates disclosing their tax returns.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only

at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. SÁNCHEZ) will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

Ms. SÁNCHEZ. Mr. Speaker, does the Chair have a designated time for the debate on the resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Speaker will inform the gentlewoman of the time.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on the additional motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote incurs objection under clause 6 of rule XX.

Any record vote on the postponed question will be taken at a later time.

PUT TRAFFICKING VICTIMS FIRST ACT OF 2017

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2473) to ensure compliance with the Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, to make strides toward eradicating human trafficking, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2473

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Put Trafficking Victims First Act of 2017".

SEC. 2. REPORT ON SAFE HARBOR LAWS.

Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, acting through the Director of the Office for Victims of Crime, shall issue a report to be posted on a publicly available website that includes—

(1) the impact of State safe harbor laws and associated services on the re-victimization of victims of trafficking (as such term is defined in section 103(15) of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102(15))), the recovery of victims, victim outcomes, and prosecutions of traffickers; and

(2) best practices and recommendations on the development and implementation of effective State safe harbor laws that promote full recovery of victims of trafficking and do not interfere with prosecutions of traffickers.

SEC. 3. TRAINING FOR PROSECUTIONS OF TRAFFICKERS AND SUPPORT FOR STATE SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF TRAFFICKING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 107(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7105(b)(2)(B)(ii)) is amended to read as follows: